

Foundational for 3.G.A.1 Undentand that shapes in different categories (e.g., rhombuses, nectangles, and others) may share attributes (e.g., having four sides), and

(e.g., having four sides), and that the shared stributes can define a larger catagory (e.g., quadrilaterals). Recognize rhombuses, rectangles, and squares as examples of quadrilaterals, and draw examples of quadrilaterals that do not belong to any of these subcategories.

Polygons

What is a polygon?

A polygon is a closed shape made up of line segments. Each line segment is a side of the polygon. The point where two sides meet is a vertex of the polygon. A line segment that connects two vertices that are not next to each other is a diagonal.

